GRANDE-BRETAGNE ET IRLANDE DU NORD ET ESTONIE

Convention concernant les actes de procédure en matières civile et commerciale, signée à Londres, le 22 décembre 1931, et échanges de notes, Tallinn, les 18 et 21 octobre 1932.

GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND AND ESTONIA

Convention regarding Legal Proceedings in Civil and Commercial Matters, signed at London, December 22, 1931, and Exchanges of Notes, Tallinn, October 18 and 21, 1932.

No. 3041. — CONVENTION 1 BETWEEN GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND AND ESTONIA REGARDING LEGAL PROCEEDINGS IN CIVIL AND COMMERCIAL MATTERS. SIGNED AT LONDON, DECEMBER 22, 1931.

Texte officiel anglais communiqué par le ministre des Affaires étrangères d'Estonie et le secrétaire d'Etat aux Affaires étrangères de Sa Majesté en Grande-Bretagne. L'enregistrement de cette convention a eu lieu le 18 septembre 1932.

THE CHIEF OF STATE OF THE REPUBLIC OF ESTONIA, and HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF GREAT BRITAIN, IRELAND AND THE BRITISH DOMINIONS BEYOND THE SEAS, EMPEROR OF INDIA, being desirous to render mutual assistance in the conduct of legal proceedings in civil and commercial matters which are being dealt with or which it is anticipated may be dealt with by their respective judicial authorities;

Have resolved to conclude a Convention for this purpose, and have appointed as their Pleni-

potentiaries:

THE CHIEF OF STATE OF THE REPUBLIC OF ESTONIA:

Doctor Oskar Kallas, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the Republic of Estonia in London; and

HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF GREAT BRITAIN, IRELAND AND THE BRITISH DOMINIONS BEYOND THE SEAS, EMPEROR OF INDIA:

FOR GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND:

The Right Honourable Sir John Allsebrook Simon, G.C.S.I., K.C.V.O., O.B.E., K.C., M.P. His Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs;

Who, having communicated their full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed as follows:

I. Preliminary.

Article 1.

- (a) This Convention applies only to civil and commercial matters, including non-contentious matters.
 - (b) In this Convention the words:
 - (1) "Territory of one (or of the other) High Contracting Party" shall be interpreted as meaning at any time any of the territories of such High Contracting Party to which the Convention at that time applies.

¹ L'échange des ratifications a eu lieu à Tallinn, le 18 août 1932.

¹ Traduction. — Translation.

Nº 3041. — CONVENTION & ENTRE LA GRANDE-BRETAGNE ET L'IRLANDE DU NORD ET L'ESTONIE CONCERNANT LES ACTES DE PROCÉDURE EN MATIÈRES CIVILE ET COMMERCIALE. SIGNÉE A LONDRES, LE 22 DÉCEMBRE 1931.

English official text communicated by the Estonian Minister for Foreign Affairs and by His Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs in Great Britain. The registration of this Convention took place September 18, 1932.

LE CHEF DE L'ETAT DE LA RÉPUBLIQUE D'ESTONIE et SA MAJESTÉ LE ROI DE GRANDE-BRETAGNE, D'IRLANDE ET DES TERRITOIRES BRITANNIQUES AU DELA DES MERS, EMPEREUR DES INDES, désireux de se prêter une assistance mutuelle dans l'accomplissement des actes de procédure relatifs aux affaires civiles et commerciales dont sont saisies ou dont pourraient être saisies leurs autorités judiciaires respectives ;

Ont résolu de conclure une convention à cet effet, et ont nommé pour leurs plenipotentiaires :

LE CHEF DE L'ETAT DE LA RÉPUBLIQUE D'ESTONIE:

Le Dr Oskar Kallas, envoyé extraordinaire et ministre plénipotentiaire de la République d'Estonie à Londres ; et

SA MAJESTÉ LE ROI DE GRANDE-BRETAGNE, D'IRLANDE ET DES TERRITOIRES BRITANNIQUES AU DELA DES MERS, EMPEREUR DES INDES:

Pour la Grande-Bretagne et l'Irlande du Nord :

Le Très Honorable Sir John Allsebrook Simon, G.C.S.I., K.C.V.O., O.B.E., K.C., M.P., son principal secrétaire d'Etat pour les Affaires étrangères;

Lesquels, après s'être communiqué leurs pleins pouvoirs reconnus en bonne et due forme, sont convenus de ce qui suit :

1. PRÉLIMINAIRES.

Article premier.

- (a) La présente convention ne s'applique qu'aux affaires civiles et commerciales, y compris les affaires non contentieuses.
 - (b) Dans la presente convention, les termes:

1º « Territoire de l'une (ou de l'autre) des Hautes Parties contractantes » seront interprétés comme signifiant, à tout moment, n'importe lequel des territoires de la Haute Partie contractante auxquels la convention s'applique à cette date.

¹ Traduit par le Secrétariat de la Société des Nations, à titre d'information.

¹ Translated by the Secretariat of the League of Nations, for information.

² The exchange of ratifications took place at Tallinn, August 18, 1932.

- (2) "Persons" shall be deemed to mean individuals and artificial persons.
- (3) "Artificial persons" shall be deemed to include partnerships, companies, societies and other corporations.
- (4) "Subjects or citizens of a High Contracting Party" shall be deemed to include artificial persons constituted or incorporated under the laws of the territory of such High Contracting Party.
- (5) "Subject of one (or of the other) High Contracting Party" shall be deemed, in relation to His Majesty the King of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, to mean all subjects of His Majesty wherever domiciled and all persons under His protection.

II. SERVICE OF JUDICIAL AND EXTRA-JUDICIAL DOCUMENTS.

Article 2.

(a) When judicial or extra-judicial documents drawn up in the territory of one of the High Contracting Parties are required by a judicial authority situated therein to be served on persons in the territory of the other High Contracting Party, such documents may be served on the recipient, whatever his nationality, by any of the methods provided in Articles 3 and 4 in all cases where such method of service is recognised by the law of the country of origin.

(b) In Part II of this Convention the expression "country of origin" means the country from which the documents to be served emanate, and the expression "country of execution"

means the country in which service of documents is to be effected.

Article 3.

(a) A request for service shall be addressed and sent by a Consular Officer acting for the country of origin to the competent authority of the country of execution, requesting such authority to cause the document in question to be served.

(b) The request for service shall be drawn up in the language of the country of execution and shall state the names and descriptions of the parties, the name, description and address of the recipient, and the nature of the document to be served, and shall enclose the document to be served in duplicate.

(c) The document to be served shall either be drawn up in the language of the country of execution, or be accompanied by a translation into such language. Such translation shall be certified

as correct by a Consular Officer acting for the country of origin.

(d) Requests for service shall be addressed and sent:

In England to the Senior Master of the Supreme Court of Judicature.

In Estonia to the Ministry of Justice and of the Interior.

If the authority to whom a request for service has been sent is not competent to execute it, such authority shall (except in cases where execution is refused in accordance with paragraph (/) of this Article) of his own motion forward the request to the competent authority of the country of execution.

(e) Service shall be effected by the competent authority of the country of execution, who shall serve the document in the manner prescribed by the municipal law of such country for the service of similar documents, except that, if a wish for some special manner of service is expressed in the request for service, such manner of service shall be followed in so far as it is not incompatible with the law of that country.

(f) The execution of a request for service, duly made in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Article, shall not be refused unless (1) the authenticity of the request for service

is not established, or (2) the High Contracting Party in whose territory it is to be executed considers

that his sovereignty or safety would be compromised thereby.

(g) In every instance where a request for service is not executed by the authority to whom it has been sent, the latter will at once inform the Consular Officer by whom the request was sent, stating the ground on which the execution of the request has been refused or the competent authority to whom it has been forwarded.

(h) The authority by whom the request for service is executed shall furnish a certificate proving the service or explaining the reason which has prevented such service, and setting forth the fact, the manner and the date of such service or attempted service, and shall send the said certificate to the Consular Officer by whom the request for service was sent. The certificate of service or of attempted service shall be placed on one of the duplicates or attached thereto.

Article 4.

- (a) Service may be effected, without any request to or intervention of the authorities of the country of execution, by any of the following methods:
 - (1) By a Consular Officer acting for the country of origin;
 - (2) By an agent appointed for the purpose either by the judicial authority of the country of origin or by the party on whose application the document was issued;
 - (3) Through the post; or
 - (4) By any other method of service which is not illegal, under the law existing at the time of service, in the country of execution.
- (b) All documents served in the manner provided in (1) of the preceding paragraph shall, unless the recipient is a subject or citizen of the High Contracting Party from whose territory the document to be served emanates, either be drawn up in the language of the country of execution or be accompanied by a translation into such language, certified as correct as prescribed in Article 3 (c).

in Article 3 (c).

(c) The High Contracting Parties agree that in principle it is also desirable that the provisions of paragraph (b) of this Article should apply to documents served in the manner provided in (2), (3) and (4) of paragraph (a) of this Article. Nevertheless, in the absence of any legislation in their respective territories making translations obligatory in such cases, the High Contracting Parties

do not accept any obligation in this respect.

(d) It is understood that the question of the validity of any service effected by the use of any of the methods referred to in paragraph (a) of this Article will remain a matter for the free determination of the respective courts of the High Contracting Parties in accordance with their laws.

Article 5.

- (a) In any case where documents have been served in accordance with the provisions of Article 3, the High Contracting Party, by whose Consular Officer the request for service was addressed, shall repay to the other High Contracting Party any charges and expenses which are payable under the law of the country of execution to the persons employed to effect service, and any charges and expenses incurred in effecting service in a special manner. These charges and expenses shall not exceed such as are usually allowed in the courts of that country.
- (b) Repayment of these charges and expenses shall be claimed by the competent authority by whom the service has been effected from the Consular Officer by whom the request was addressed, when sending to him the certificate provided for in Article 3 (h).

(c) Except as provided above, no fees of any description shall be payable by one High

Contracting Party to the other in respect of the service of any documents.

III. TAKING OF EVIDENCE.

Article 6.

(a) When a judicial authority in the territory of one of the High Contracting Parties requires that evidence should be taken in the territory of the other High Contracting Party, such evidence may be taken, whatever the nationality of the parties or witnesses may be, in any one of the ways prescribed in Articles 7, 8 or 9.

(b) In Part III of this Convention, the expressions:

- (r) "Taking of evidence" shall be deemed to include the taking of the statements of a plaintiff, defendant, expert or any other person on oath or otherwise; the submission to a plaintiff, defendant, expert or any other person of any oath with regard to any legal proceedings; and the production, identification and examination of documents, samples or other objects.
- (2) "Witness" shall be deemed to include any person from whom any evidence, as defined above, is required to be taken.
- (3) "Country of origin" shall be deemed to mean the country by whose judicial authority the evidence is required, and "country of execution", the country in which the evidence is to be taken.

Article 7.

(a) The judicial authority of the country of origin may, in accordance with the provisions of the law of his country, address himself by means of a Letter of Request to the competent authority

of the country of execution, requesting such authority to take the evidence.

(b) The Letter of Request shall be drawn up in the language of the country of execution, or be accompanied by a translation into such language. Such translation shall be certified as correct by a Consular Officer acting for the country of origin. The Letter of Request shall state the nature of the proceedings for which the evidence is required, giving all necessary information in regard thereto, the names of the parties thereto, and the names, descriptions and addresses of the witnesses. They shall also either (r) be accompanied by a list of interrogatories to be put to the witness or witnesses, or, as the case may be, by a description of the documents, samples or other objects to be produced, identified or examined, and a translation thereof, certified as correct in the manner heretofore provided; or (2) shall request the competent authority to allow such questions to be asked viva voce as the parties or their representatives shall desire to ask.

(c) Letters of Request shall be transmitted:

In England by an Estonian Consular Officer to the Senior Master of the Supreme Court of Judicature.

In Estonia by a British Consular Officer to the Ministry of Justice and of the Interior.

In case the authority to whom any Letter of Request is transmitted is not competent to execute it, such authority shall (except in cases where execution is refused in accordance with paragraph (f) of this Article) of his own motion forward the Letter of Request to the competent

authority of the country of execution.

(d) The competent authority of the country of execution shall give effect to the Letter of Request and obtain the evidence required by the use of the same compulsory measures and the same procedure as are employed in the execution of a commission or order emanating from the authorities of his own country, except that if a wish that some special procedure should be followed is expressed in the Letter of Request, such special procedure shall be followed in so far as it is not incompatible with the law of the country of execution.

(e) The Consular Officer, by whom the Letter of Request is transmitted, shall, if he so desires, be informed of the date when and the place where the proceedings will take place, in order that he may inform the interested party or parties, who shall be permitted to be present in person or to be represented, if they so desire, by barristers or solicitors or by any representatives who are competent to appear before the courts either of the country of origin or of the country of execution.

(f) The execution of a Letter of Request which complies with the preceding provisions of

this Article can only be refused:

- (1) If the authenticity of the Letter of Request is not established.
- (2) If in the country of execution, the execution of the Letter of Request in question does not fall within the functions of the judiciary.
- (3) If the High Contracting Party in whose territory it is to be executed considers that his sovereignty or safety would be compromised thereby.
- (g) In every instance where a Letter of Request is not executed by the authority to whom it is addressed, the latter will at once inform the Consular Officer by whom it was transmitted, stating the grounds on which the execution of the Letter of Request has been refused, or the competent authority to whom it has been forwarded.

(h) When a Letter of Request has been executed, the competent authority to whom it was transmitted or forwarded shall send to the Consular Officer by whom it was transmitted the necessary

documents establishing its execution.

Article 8.

(a) The judicial authority of the country of origin may, in the Letter of Request addressed to the competent authority of the country of execution, request such authority to appoint to take the evidence a person specially designated in the Letter of Request.

A Consular Officer acting for the country of origin, or any other suitable person, may be so

designated

- (b) Where this procedure is adopted, the provisions of paragraphs (b), (c), (f), (g) and (h) of Article 7 shall apply, but the following paragraphs shall be substituted for paragraphs (d) and (e) of that Article.
- (c) The competent authority of the country of execution shall give effect thereto and shall appoint the person designated to take the evidence, unless such person shall be unwilling so to act. In addition, if necessary, such authority shall make use of such compulsory powers as it possesses under its own law to secure the attendance of and the giving of evidence by the witnesses before the person so appointed.

(d) The person thus appointed shall have power to administer an oath, and any person giving false evidence before him shall be liable in the courts of the country of execution to the

penalties provided by the law of that country for perjury.

(e) The evidence shall be taken in accordance with the law of the country of origin, provided such method is not contrary to the law of the country of execution, and the parties shall have the right to be present in person or to be represented by barristers or solicitors or by any other persons who are competent to appear before the courts of either the country of origin or of execution.

Article 9.

(a) The evidence may also be taken, without any request to, or the intervention of, the authorities of the country of execution by a person in that country directly appointed for the purpose by the court of the country of origin. A Consular Officer acting for the country of origin or any other suitable individual may be so appointed.

(b) A person so appointed to take evidence may request the individuals named by the court appointing him to appear before him and to give evidence. He may take all kinds of evidence

which are not contrary to the law of the country of execution, and shall have power to administer an oath. The attendance and giving of evidence before any such person shall be entirely voluntary and no measures of compulsion shall be employed.

- (c) Requests to appear issued by such person shall, unless the recipient is a subject or citizen of the High Contracting Party for whose judicial authority the evidence is required, be drawn up in the language of the country of execution or be accompanied by a translation into such language.
- (d) The evidence may be taken in accordance with the procedure recognised by the law of the country of origin, and the parties will have the right to be present in person or to be represented by barristers or solicitors of that country or by any representatives who are competent to appear before the courts either of the country of origin or of the country of execution.

Article 10.

The fact that an attempt to take evidence by the method laid down in Article 9 has failed owing to the refusal of any witness to appear or to give evidence does not preclude a request being subsequently made in accordance with Article 7 or 8.

Article 11.

(a) Where evidence is taken in the manner provided in Article 7 or 8, the High Contracting Party, by whose judicial authority the Letter of Request was addressed, shall repay to the other High Contracting Party any expenses incurred by the competent authority of the latter in the execution of the request in respect of any charges and expenses payable to witnesses, experts, interpreters or translators, the costs of obtaining the attendance of witnesses who have not appeared voluntarily, and the charges and expenses payable to any person whom such authority may have deputed to act, in cases where the law of the country of execution permits this to be done, and any charges and expenses incurred by reason of a special procedure being requested and followed. These expenses shall be such as are usually allowed in similar cases in the courts of the country of execution.

(b) The repayment of these expenses shall be claimed by the competent authority by whom the Letter of Request has been executed from the Consular Officer by whom it was transmitted

when sending to him the documents establishing its execution as provided in Article 7 (h).

(c) Except as above provided, no fees of any description shall be payable by one High Contracting Party to the other in respect of the taking of evidence.

IV. Judicial Assistance for Poor Persons, Imprisonment for Debt and Security for Costs.

Article 12.

The subjects or citizens of one High Contracting Party shall enjoy in the territory of the other High Contracting Party a perfect equality of treatment with subjects or citizens of that High Contracting Party as regards free judicial assistance for poor persons and imprisonment for debt; and provided that they are resident in such territory, shall not be compelled to give security for costs in any case where a subject or citizen of such other High Contracting Party would not be so compelled.

V. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Article 13.

Any difficulties which may arise in connexion with the operation of this Convention shall be settled through the diplomatic channel.

Article 14.

The present Convention shall be subject to ratification. Ratifications shall be exchanged in Tallinn. The Convention shall come into force one month after the date on which ratifications are exchanged, and shall remain in force for three years after the date of its coming into force. If neither of the High Contracting Parties shall have given notice through the diplomatic channel to the other not less than six months before the expiration of the said period of three years of his intention to terminate the Convention, it shall remain in force until the expiration of six months from the day on which either of the High Contracting Parties shall have given notice to terminate it.

Article 15.

(a) This Convention shall not apply *ipso facto* to Scotland or Northern Ireland, nor to any of the Colonies or Protectorates of His Majesty the King of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, nor to any territories under his suzerainty, nor to any mandated territories in respect of which the mandate is exercised by His Government in the United Kingdom, but His Majesty may at any time, while this Convention is in force under Article 14, by a notification given through His Minister in Estonia, extend the operation of the Convention to any of the above-mentioned territories.

(b) Such notification shall state the authorities in the territory concerned to whom requests for service under Article 3 or Letters of Request under Article 7 are to be transmitted, and the language in which communications and translations are to be made. The date of the coming into force of any such extension shall be one month from the date of such notification.

(c) Either of the High Contracting Parties may, at any time after the expiry of three years from the coming into force of an extension of this Convention to any of the territories referred to in paragraph (a) of this Article, terminate such extension on giving six months' notice of termination, through the diplomatic channel.

(d) The termination of the Convention under Article 14 shall, unless otherwise expressly agreed to by both High Contracting Parties, ipso facto terminate it in respect of any territories to which it has been extended under paragraph (a) of this Article.

Article 16.

(a) The High Contracting Parties agree that His Majesty the King of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, may at any time, while the present Convention is in force, either under Article 14 or by virtue of any accession under this Article, by a notification given through the diplomatic channel, accede to the present Convention in respect of any Member of the British Commonwealth of Nations whose Government may desire that such accession should be effected, provided that no notification of accession may be given at any time when the Estonian Government has given notice of termination in respect of all the territories of

His Majesty to which the Convention applies. The provisions of article 15 (b) shall be applicable to such notification. Any such accession shall take effect one month after the date of its notification.

- (b) After the expiry of three years from the date of the coming into force of any accession under paragraph (a) of this Article, either of the High Contracting Parties may, by giving six months' notice of termination through the diplomatic channel, terminate the application of the Convention to any country in respect of which a notification of accession has been given. The termination of the Convention under Article 14 shall not affect its application to any such country.
- (c) Any notification of accession under paragraph (a) of this Article may include any dependency or mandated territory administered by the Government of the country in respect of which such notification of accession is given; and any notice of termination in respect of any such country under paragraph (b) shall apply to any dependency or mandated territory which was included in the notification of accession in respect of that country.

In witness whereof the undersigned have signed the present Convention in English, and have affixed thereto their seals.

Done in duplicate at London, the 22nd day of December, 1931.

(L. S.) Oskar KALLAS.

(L. S.) John Simon.

EXCHANGE OF NOTES

BETWEEN HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT IN THE UNITED KINGDOM AND THE ESTONIAN GOVERNMENT RESPECTING THE EXTENSION TO NORTHERN IRELAND OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE CONVENTION OF DECEMBER 22, 1931, REGARDING LEGAL PROCEEDINGS IN CIVIL AND COMMERCIAL MATTERS. TALLINN, OCTOBER 18 AND 21, 1932.

Communiqué par le secrétaire d'Etat aux Affaires étrangères de Sa Majesté en Grande Bretagne, le 14 décembre 1932.

I.

British Legation.

No. 38. 1059/P. 19.

TALLINN, October 18th, 1932.

YOUR EXCELLENCY,

On instructions from His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, I have the honour to notify Your Excellency, in accordance with Article 15 (a) of the convention regarding legal proceedings in civil and commercial matters, which was signed at London on December 22nd, 1931, the extension of the operation of that convention to Northern Ireland.

a fait connaître son intention de dénoncer la convention en ce qui concerne tous les territoires de Sa Majesté auxquels la convention s'applique. Les dispositions de l'article 15, paragraphe b), seront applicables à cette notification. Toute accession de ce genre prendra effet un mois après la date de sa notification.

b) A l'expiration d'un délai de trois ans après l'entrée en vigueur d'une accession en vertu du paragraphe a) du présent article, chacune des Hautes Parties contractantes pourra, moyennant préavis de six mois notifié par la voie diplomatique, mettre un terme à l'application de la convention à l'un quelconque des pays qui ont fait l'objet d'une notification d'accession. L'expiration de la convention telle qu'elle est prévue à l'article 14 n'affectera pas son application aux pays ci-dessus visés.

c) Les notifications d'accession visées au paragraphe a) du présent article pourront comprendre l'une quelconque des dépendances ou territoires sous mandat, administrés par le gouvernement du pays que vise la notification d'accession ; de même, toute dénonciation de la convention concernant les pays visés au paragraphe b) s'étendra à toute dépendance ou territoire sous mandat compris dans la notification d'accession relative audit pays.

En foi de quoi les soussignés ont signé la présente convention, rédigée en anglais, et y ont apposé leurs cachets.

Fait en double exemplaire à Londres, le 22 décembre 1931.

(L. S.) Oskar Kallas. (L. S.) John Simon.

¹ Traduction. — Translation.

ÉCHANGE DE NOTES

ENTRE LE GOUVERNEMENT DE SA MAJESTÉ DANS LE ROYAUME-UNI ET LE GOUVERNEMENT ESTONIEN RELATIF À L'APPLICATION À L'IRLANDE DU NORD DES DISPOSITIONS DE LA CONVENTION DU 22 DÉCEMBRE 1931, CONCERNANT LES ACTES DE PROCÉDURE EN MATIÈRES CIVILE ET COMMERCIALE. TALLINN, LES 18 ET 21 OCTOBRE 1932.

Communicated by His Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs in Great Britain, December 14, 1932.

I.

LÉGATION DE GRANDE-BRETAGNE.

Nº 38. 1059/P.19.

Monsieur le Ministre,

TALLINN, le 18 octobre 1932.

D'ordre du principal Secrétaire d'Etat de Sa Majesté pour les Affaires étrangères, j'ai l'honneur de vous faire connaître, conformément à l'article 15 a) de la Convention relative aux actes de procédure en matière civile et commerciale, signée à Londres, le 22 décembre 1931, que l'application de ladite convention est étendue à l'Irlande du Nord.

¹ Traduit par le Secrétariat de la Société des Nations, à titre d'information.

¹ Translated by the Secretariat of the League of Nations, for information.

- 2. The authority in Northern Ireland to whom requests for service or for the taking of evidence should be transmitted is the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Northern Ireland at Belfast, and the language to be used in communications and translations is English.
- 3. In accordance with Article 15 (b) of the convention, the extension now notified will come into force one month from the date of this note, that is to say, on the 18th November next.
- 4. In requesting that Your Excellency will be so good as to acknowledge the receipt of this communication,

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency the assurance of my highest consideration.

(Signed) H. M. KNATCHBULL-HUGESSEN.

His Excellency
Monsieur Mihkel Pung,
Minister for Foreign Affairs,
Tallinn.

II.

Ministre des Affaires étrangères. 689-W.

TALLINN, October 21st, 1932.

YOUR EXCELLENCY,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of Your Excellency's Note dated October 18, 1932, No. 38, by which Your Excellency was so good as to notify me, in accordance with Article 15 (a) of the Convention regarding legal proceedings in civil and commercial matters, which was signed at London on December 22, 1931, the extension of the operation of that convention to Northern Ireland.

- 2. The authority in Northern Ireland to whom requests for service or for the taking of evidence should be transmitted is the Registrar of the Supreme Court for Northern Ireland at Belfast, and the language to be used in communications and translations is English.
- 3. In accordance with Article 15 (b) of the convention, the extension will come into force one month from the date of Your Excellency's Note, that is to say, on the 18th November next.
 - 4. In taking due notice of the communication,

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency the assurance of my highest consideration.

(Signed) M. Pung.

His Excellency
Monsieur H. Knatchbull-Hugessen,
His Britannic Majesty's Minister,
Tallinn.

EXCHANGE OF NOTES

BETWEEN HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT IN THE UNITED KINGDOM AND THE ESTONIAN GOVERNMENT RESPECTING THE EXTENSION TO SCOTLAND OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE CONVENTION OF DECEMBER 22, 1931 REGARDING LEGAL PROCEEDINGS IN CIVIL AND COMMERCIAL MATTERS. TALLINN, OCTOBER 18 AND 21, 1932.

Communiqué par le Secrétaire d'Etat aux Affaires étrangères de Sa Majesté en Grande-Bretagne, le 1er février 1933.

I.

BRITISH LEGATION.

No. 39. 1062/P. 19.

TALLINN, 18th October, 1932.

Your Excellency,

On instructions from His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affaire, I have the honour to notify Your Excellency, in accordance with Article 15 (a) of the convention regarding legal proceedings in civil and commercial matters, which was signed at London on the 22nd December 1931, the extension of the operation of that convention to Scotland.

The authority in Scotland to whom requests for service or for the taking of evidence should be transmitted is the Crown Agent, Edinburgh, and the language to be used in communications

and translations is English.

In accordance with Article 15 (b) of the convention, the extension now notified will come into force one month from the date of this note, that is to say, on the 18th of November next.

In requesting that Your Excellency will be so good as to acknowledge the receipt of this communication,

I avail myself of this opprotunity to renew to Your Excellency the assurance of my highest consideration.

H. M. KNATCHBULL-HUGESSEN.

His Excellency
Monsieur Mihkel Pung,
Minister for Foreign Affairs,
Tallinn.

¹ Traduction. — Translation.

ÉCHANGE DE NOTES

entre le Gouvernement de Sa Majesté dans le Royaume-Uni et le Gouvernement Estonien RELATIF A L'APPLICATION A L'ECOSSE DES DISPOSITIONS DE LA CONVENTION DU 22 DÉCEMBRE 1931, CONCERNANT LES ACTES DE PROCÉDURE EN MATIÈRES CIVILE ET COMMERCIALE, TALLINN. LES 18 ET 21 OCTOBRE 1932.

Communicated by His Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs in Great Britain, February 1st, 1933.

I.

LÉGATION DE GRANDE-BRETAGNE.

1062/P. 19.

TALLINN, le 18 octobre 1932.

MONSIEUR LE MINISTRE.

J'ai l'honneur, d'ordre du principal Secrétaire d'Etat de Sa Majesté pour les Affaires étrangères, de porter à votre connaissance, conformément à l'article 15 (a) de la convention relative aux actes de procédure en matière civile et commerciale, signée à Londres le 22 décembre 1931, que l'effet de cette convention est étendu à l'Ecosse.

L'autorité à laquelle devront être adressées, en Ecosse, les demandes de signification ou les commissions rogatoires, est le "Crown Agent", Edimbourg, et la langue dans laquelle devront être faites les communications et les traductions est l'anglais.

Conformément aux dispositions de l'article 15 (b) de la convention, l'extension que je viens de notifier entrera en vigueur un mois après la date de la présente note, c'est-à-dire le 18 novembre prochain.

En vous priant de bien vouloir accuser réception de la présente communication, je saisis cette occasion, etc.

H. M. KNATCHBULL-HUGESSEN.

Son Excellence M. Mihkel Pung, Ministre des Affaires étrangères. Tallinn.

¹ Traduit par le Secrétariat de la Société des Nations, à titre d'information.

¹ Translated by the Secretariat of the League of Nation, for information.

II.

Ministre des Affaires étrangères 690-W.

TALLINN, October 21st, 1932.

Your Excellency,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of Your Excellency's note dated October 18th, 1932, No. 39, by which Your Excellency was so good as to notify me, in accordance with Article 15 (a) of the Convention regarding legal proceedings in civil and commercial matters, which was signed at London on December 22nd, 1931, the extension of the operation of that convention to Scotland.

The authority in Scotland to whom requests for service or for the taking of evidence should be transmitted is the Crown Agent, Edinburgh, and the language to be used in communications and translations is English.

In accordance with Article 15 (b) of the convention, the extension will come into force one month from the date of Your Excellency's Note, that is to say, on the 18th of November next.

In taking due notice of the communication,

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency the assurance of my highest consideration.

M. Pung.

His Excellency
Monsieur H. Knatchbull-Hugessen,
His Britannic Majesty's Minister,
Tallinn.