# N° 1298.

## FRANCE ET TCHÉCOSLOVAQUIE

Traité de garantie mutuelle, fait à Locarno, le 16 octobre 1925.

## FRANCE AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA

Treaty of Mutual Guarantee, done at Locarno, October 16, 1925.

## <sup>1</sup> Traduction. — Translation.

No. 1298. — TREATY OF MUTUAL GUARANTEE <sup>2</sup> BETWEEN FRANCE AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA, DONE AT LOCARNO, OCTOBER 16, 1925.

Official text in French. This Treaty was registered with the Secretariat, in accordance with its Article 3, on September 14, 1926, the date of its entry into force.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC and THE PRESIDENT OF THE CZECHOSLOVAK REPUBLIC:

Equally desirous to see Europe spared from war by a sincere observance of the undertakings arrived at this day with a view to the maintenance of general peace;

Have resolved to guarantee their benefits to each other reciprocally by a treaty concluded within the framework of the Covenant of the League of Nations and of the treaties existing between them:

And have to this effect, nominated for their Plenipotentiaries:

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC:

M. Aristide Briand, Minister for Foreign Affairs;

THE PRESIDENT OF THE CZECHOSLOVAK REPUBLIC:

M. Edouard Beneš, Minister for Foreign Affairs;

Who, after having exchanged their full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed on the following provisions:

#### Article T.

In the event of Czechoslovakia or France suffering from a failure to observe the undertakings arrived at this day between them and Germany with a view to the maintenance of general peace, France, and reciprocally, Czechoslovakia, acting in application of Article 16 of the Covenant of the League of Nations, undertake to lend each other immediate aid and assistance, if such a failure is accompanied by an unprovoked recourse to arms.

In the event of the Council of the League of Nations, when dealing with a question brought before it in accordance with the said undertakings, being unable to succeed in making its report accepted by all its members other than the representatives of the Parties to the dispute, and in the event of Czechoslovakia or France being attacked without provocation, France, or reciprocally Czechoslovakia, acting in application of Article 15, paragraph 7, of the Covenant of the League of Nations, will immediately lend aid and assistance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Communiquée par le Ministère des Affaires étrangères de Sa Majesté britannique.

<sup>1</sup> Communicated by His Britannic Majesty's Forcign Office.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The ratifications were deposited at Geneva, September 14, 1926.

## Article 2.

Nothing in the present treaty shall affect the rights and obligations of the High Contracting Parties as Members of the League of Nations, or shall be interpreted as restricting the duty of the League to take whatever action may be deemed wise and effectual to safeguard the peace of the world.

## Article 3.

The present Treaty shall be registered with the League of Nations, in accordance with the Covenant.

### Article 4.

The present Treaty shall be ratified. The ratifications shall be deposited at Geneva with the League of Nations at the same time as the ratification of the Treaty concluded this day between Germany, Belgium, France, Great Britain and Italy, and the ratification of the Treaty concluded at the same time between Germany and Czechoslovakia.

It will enter into force and remain in force under the same conditions as the said Treaties. The present Treaty done in a single copy will be deposited in the archives of the League of Nations, and the Secretary-General of the League will be requested to transmit certified copies to each of the High Contracting Parties.

In faith whereof the above-mentioned Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Treaty.

Done at Locarno, the sixteenth October, nineteen hundred and twenty-five.

(L. S.) (Signed) Aristide Briand. (L. S.) (Signed) Dr. Edvard Beneš.