BELGIQUE, LUXEMBOURG ET FINLANDE

Echange de notes en vue de régler, par un arrangement commercial provisoire, les relations économiques entre l'Union économique belgo-luxembourgeoise et la Finlande. Stockholm le 9, Helsingfors le 12 février 1924.

BELGIUM, LUXEMBURG AND FINLAND

Exchange of Notes with a view to regulating, by means of a provisional Commercial Agreement, the economic relations between the Belgo-Luxemburg Economic Union and Finland. Stockholm, February 9, Helsingfors, February 12, 1924.

¹ Traduction. — Translation.

No. 595. — EXCHANGE OF NOTES² BETWEEN THE BELGIAN AND FINNISH GOVERNMENTS WITH A VIEW TO REGULATING, BY MEANS OF A PROVISIONAL COMMERCIAL AGREEMENT, THE ECONOMIC RELATIONS BETWEEN THE BELGO-LUXEMBURG ECONOMIC UNION AND FINLAND. STOCKHOLM, FEBRUARY 9, HELSINGFORS, FEBRUARY 12, 1924.

French official text communicated by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Finnish Republic.

The registration of this exchange of Notes took place March 31, 1924.

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No. 163

STOCKHOLM, February 9, 1924.

Your Excellency,

In view of the fact that the negotiations entered into by the Government of the Finnish Republic and the Government of His Majesty the King of the Belgians for the regulation, by means of a provisional commercial Agreement, of the economic relations between Finland and the Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg have reached a successful conclusion, I have the honour, in the name and by order of my Government, to endorse by the present communication the conclusion of the said Agreement, the text of which Your Excellency will find below:

In all matters connected with trade, Customs, industry, navigation and all dues, charges and taxes affecting persons, companies, vessels or goods, the two High Contracting Parties mutually

guarantee to each other most-favoured-nation treatment.

This treatment shall not, however, be accorded in the case of advantages which either of the High Contracting Parties may have granted or may in future grant to the adjacent States to facilitate local traffic within a zone not exceeding 15 km. in depth on either side of the frontier.

The Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg further undertakes not to demand most-favoured-nation treatment in regard to:

- (1) Advantages which are or may in future be granted by Finland to Esthonia, provided that such advantages are not extended to any third Power.
- (2) Advantages, arising out of the obligation to employ pilots, which Finland has granted or may in future grant to Sweden in regard to navigation north of 58 degrees north latitude.

¹ Traduit par le Secrétariat de la Société des la Translated by the Secretariat of the League Nations.

² This agreement does not entail ratification.

- (3) Advantages which have been or may in future be granted by Finland to Russia in regard to fisheries and seal-hunting grounds in Finnish territorial waters in the Arctic Ocean.
- (4) The advantages specified in Articles 2 and 6 of the Commercial Convention of July 13, 1921, between Finland and France, except such of those advantages as relate to the products enumerated in List A annexed hereto. These products, if they are produced in or exported from the Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg, shall, as long as the said Convention remains in force, be subject to the same abatements of Customs duty as are accorded to France by the Convention, provided that such products are accompanied by a certificate of origin on the model prescribed in the said Convention. It is further understood that any advantage which, as an exception to most-favoured-nation treatment, Finland may thus grant, wholly or in part, to more than one State in addition to France, shall at the same time be unconditionally extended to products produced in or exported from the Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg.

Similarly, Finland undertakes not to claim the advantages of most-favoured-nation treatment in regard to Customs duties levied on any goods not enumerated in List B annexed hereto at their entry into the territory of the Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg.

Nevertheless, the Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg undertakes to grant Finland most-favoured-nation treatment without reservation in the event of Finland's granting the Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg all the abatements of Customs duty which are granted by Finland to France and which are not specified in the above-mentioned List A.

The provisions concerning Customs duties and the regime of commercial navigation shall be put into effect as soon as the conclusion of the present Agreement has been endorsed by an exchange of Notes between the representatives of the two High Contracting Parties, and the Agreement as a whole shall come into force 15 days after the necessary legislative action has been taken in Finland.

The present Agreement shall continue in force until the conclusion of a commercial Treaty between the Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg and Finland, and shall remain operative until six months after the date of its denunciation by either of the Contracting Parties.

I have the honour to be, etc.

PAUL MAY.

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No. 2693.

Your Excellency,

Helsingfors, February 12, 1924.

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your Note No. 163 dated February 9, in which you were good enough to inform me that the Government of His Majesty the King of the Belgians, like the Government of the Republic, is disposed to regulate the economic relations between Finland and the Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg by means of a provisional commercial Agreement, the text of which is embodied in your Note and the conclusion of which you were good enough to endorse by your communication above mentioned.

In the name of the Government of the Republic, I have the honour, by the present Note, to confirm and record the conclusion of the said Agreement, the text of which you will find below:

In all matters connected with trade, customs, industry, navigation and all dues, charges and taxes affecting persons, companies, vessels or goods, the two High Contracting Parties mutually guarantee to each other most-favoured-nation treatment.

This treatment shall not, however, be accorded in the case of advantages which either of the High Contracting Parties may have granted or may in future grant to the adjacent States to facilitate local traffic within a zone not exceeding 15 km. in depth on either side of the frontier.

The Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg further undertakes not to claim most-favoured-nation treatment in regard to:

- (1) Advantages which are or may in future be granted by Finland to Esthonia, provided that such advantages are not extended to any third Power.
- (2) Advantages arising out of the obligation to employ pilots, which Finland has granted or may in future grant to Sweden in regard to navigation north of 58 degrees north latitude.
- (3) Advantages which have been or may in future be granted by Finland to Russia in regard to fisheries and seal figheries in Finnish territorial waters in the Arctic Ocean.
- (4) The advantages specified in Articles 2 and 6 of the Commercial Convention of July 13, 1921, between Finland and France, except such of those advantages as relate to the products enumerated in List A annexed hereto. These products, if they are produced in or exported from the Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg, shall, as long as the said Convention remains in force, be subject to the same abatements of Customs duty as are accorded to France by the Convention, provided that such products are accompanied by a certificate of origin on the model prescribed in the said Convention. It is further understood that any advantage which, as an exception to most-favoured-nation treatment, Finland may thus grant, wholly or in part, to more than one State in addition to France, shall at the same time be unconditionally extended to products produced in or exported from the Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg.

Similarly, Finland undertakes not to claim the advantages of most-favoured-nation treatment in regard to Customs duties levied on any goods not enumerated in List B annexed hereto at their entry into the territory of the Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg.

Nevertheless, the Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg undertakes to grant Finland most-favoured-nation treatment without reservation in the event of Finland's granting the Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg all the abatements of Customs duty which are granted by Finland to France and which are not specified in the above-mentioned List A.

The provisions concerning Customs duties and the regime of commercial navigation shall be put into effect as soon as the conclusion of the present Agreement has been endorsed by an exchange of Notes between the representatives of the two High Contracting Parties, and the Agreement as a whole shall come into force 15 days after the necessary legislative action has been taken in Finland.

The present Agreement shall continue in force until the conclusion of a commercial treaty between Finland and the Economic Union of Belgium and Luxemburg, and shall remain operative until six months after the date of its denunciation by either of the Contracting Parties.

I have the honour to be, etc.

CARL ENCKELL.

LIST A.

PRODUCTS OF THE ECONOMIC UNION OF BELGIUM AND LUXEMBURG WHICH BENEFIT BY THE ABATEMENTS OF DUTY PROVIDED FOR IN THE COMMERCIAL CONVENTION OF JULY 13, 1921, BETWEEN FINLAND AND FRANCE.

No. in Finnish T		Abatement
Ex. 74 108	Grapes	50
123	confectionery	75 50
147	Dessert fruits and berries, vegetables and edible mushrooms of all kinds	50 75
-4/	Desert Huits and Derries, vegetables and edible informs of all kinds	75
151 166	Other preserved foods	75 30
	Spun silk even if combined with other textile fabrics.	
232	Silk in small packages for retail trade, such as skeins, reels, etc	75
233	Other forms	75
- 33	Pure wool or mixed wool fabrics (except wool mixed with silk).	75
268 269 270	Carpets. Knotted, not more than 180 knots per metre	75 75 75
271	Other kinds	75
	Lace, lace and net fabrics not otherwise specified.	
287 288 289 291	Of cotton or vegetable materials not otherwise specified: Net for curtains, not less than 50 cm. wide Other kinds	75 75 75 75
	Half-silk materials.	
300 301	Sold by the metre	75 75
323	Corsets, pure silk or half silk	. 85
	Dresses and wearing apparel, miscellaneous. Made of lace, lace and net fabrics:	
325	Pure silk or half silk	85
326	Other kinds	85
327	Manufactured with a pure spun silk	75
328	Manufactured with a half-silk fabric	75
-	Of woollen materials:	• -
329	Trimmed with embroidery or lace or lined, faced or trimmed with material containing	
	silk	
	Fully manufactured articles in wood, miscellaneous.	
274	Of net weight more than 2 kilogrammes each:	50
374 375	Imitation bronze, gilt or silver-gilt, carved or inlaid	50 50
3/3	Weighing not more than 2 kilogrammes each:	50
379	Imitation bronze, gilt or silver gilt, carved or inlaid	50
380	Coloured, beeswaxed, lacquered, polished, painted or varnished	50 50
3	Market Control of the	50
	Paper not specially described.	
4 ¹ 5	Coloured subsequently to manufacture, lacquered, glaced, gold silver or covered with any other metal or with chalk, bearing designs printed in one or several colours crinkled, pressed or engraved	90
		-

No. in Finnish Ta		Abatemen
	Paper Articles.	70
422	Cards unprinted for addresses; menus, visiting cards, etc., and for labels of all kinds	s 90
427	Painted paper and friezes of all kinds, even when attached to other substances	. 90
473 474 475 479 481	Boots and shoes: Covered with silk or half silk	25 . 50 . 50
	than 0.5 kgs. each	. 75
499	Miscellaneous articles wholly or partly of gold and set with stones or pearls	. 75
502 503	Silver: Wrought bars and wire, gilt or covered with gold by mechanical process Miscellaneous articles wholly or partly of silver, and also gilt or covered with gold	. 75
	by mechanical process, and set with stones or pearls Platinum:	. 50
505	Miscellaneous articles wholly or partly of platinum; also set with stones and pearly	s 50
614	Firearms of all kinds, e.g., spring or compressed-air carbines, shot-guns or rifles machine-guns, pistols or revolvers and fully manufactured parts of arms	, . 60
708.	Transport Materials. Carriages and vehicles not otherwise specified, and their frames; rubber-tyred wheels for such vehicles and carriages; except vehicles for the conveyance of bark from saw-mills, and lorries, together with rubber-tyred wheels for this class o	ς
	vehicle	. 75
714	Phonographs, gramophones, barrel-organs, musical boxes and other unspecified instruments for reproducing music, and parts of such instruments	i · 75
715	Other unspecified instruments, and parts and accessories consigned separately Soaps.	• 75
828	Scented soaps, toilet soaps and similar products; liquid or soft soaps in tubes, bottle and other similar receptacles of all kinds; transparent soaps	
945	Jewellery of every kind, except gold, silver and platinum, bracelets, brooches, studs tie-pins, necklaces and watch chains, hat buckles, slides and other hair ornament which cannot be otherwise classified, cuff links, watch attachments, watch stand and other ornaments for personal use	s

LIST B.

FINNISH GOODS WHICH ENJOY THE MOST-FAVOURED-NATION TREATMENT IN THE ECONOMIC UNION OF BELGIUM AND LUXEMBURG.

No. in Belgian Tariff Description of goods Butter and margarine. 46

Timber.

Coal, coke, charcoal and peat. 13

Preserved foodstuffs. 14

16 Cream and milk. Groceries.

Grains and their derivatives.

Machinery, mechanisms and tools. Mineral raw materials, not specially tariffed.

Drapery and ironmongery. Metals.

Hides.

Stones.

Fish and shellfish.

Miscellaneous products for industrial purposes.

Resin and tar.

Vegetables and vegetable substances not specially tariffed.

Meat.